From regulation to reality – challenges in translation of gene therapy and cell-based medicinal products

Gene therapy case study: ADA-SCID

Alessandro Aiuti



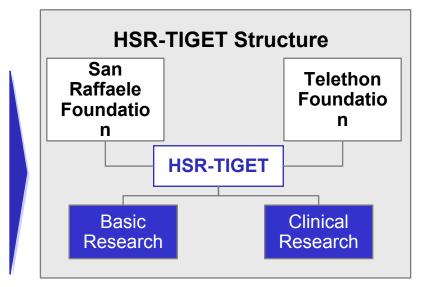
Jonathan Appleby



HSR-TIGET is focused on the implementation of basic and clinical research for genetic diseases

 HSR-TIGET is a joint venture between Telethon and San Raffaele Hospital (HSR)

- HSR-TIGET has a **Research staff of 93 people**, including 4 heads of unit, 10 group-leaders/project leaders, 59 junior researchers, and 20 technicians
- HSR-TIGET has also established a Pediatric Clinical Research Unit that focuses on the diagnosis, treatment and follow up of patients, including those enrolled in the gene therapy trials



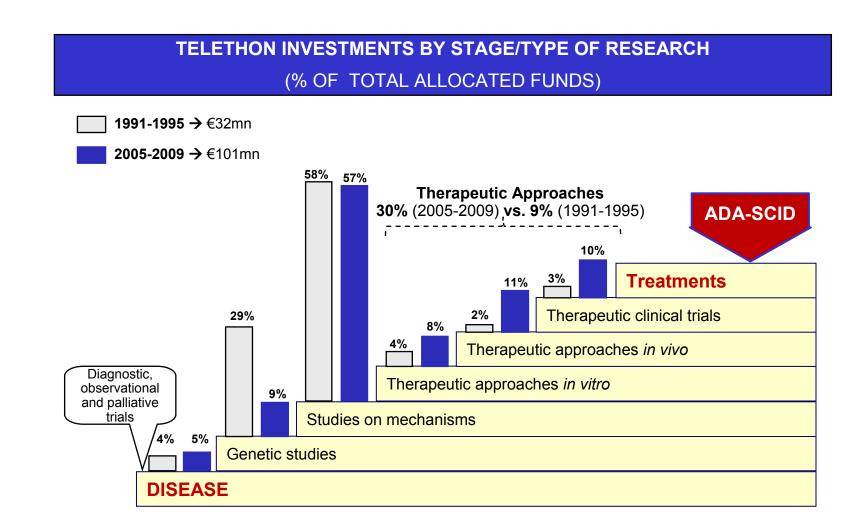
- State-of-the-art research in gene transfer technologies and gene and cell therapy strategies
- Genetic diseases currently under investigation include:
 - Primary immunodeficiencies
 - Thalassemia

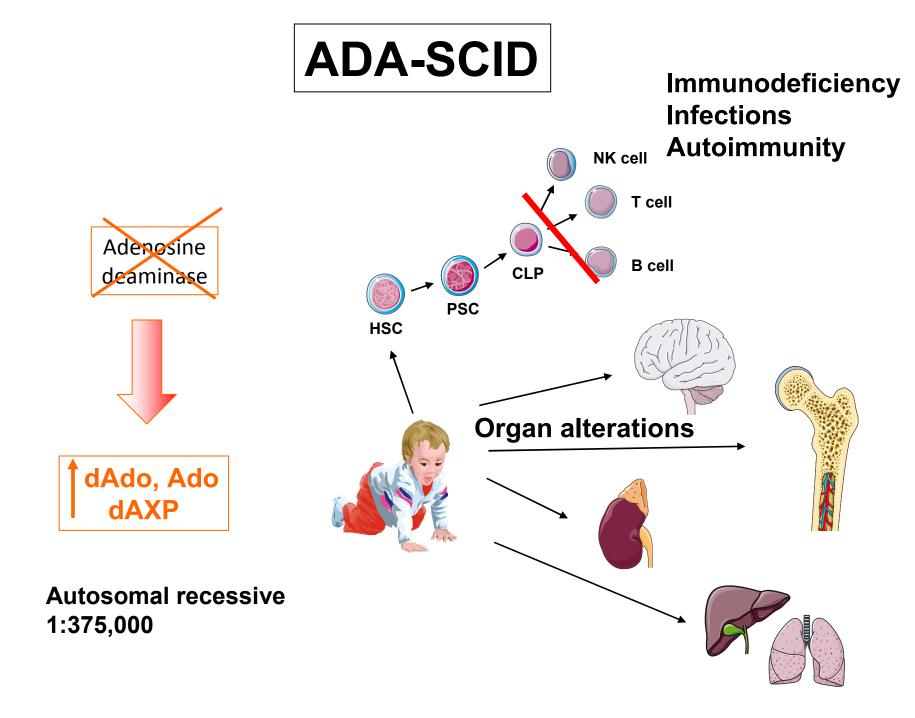
Overview

Research

- Autoimmune diseases
- Leukodystrophies
- Other lysosomal storage disorders

As research progresses, funds to therapeutic approaches are increasing (approx. 30% of Telethon funds)





RATIONALE FOR GENE THERAPY

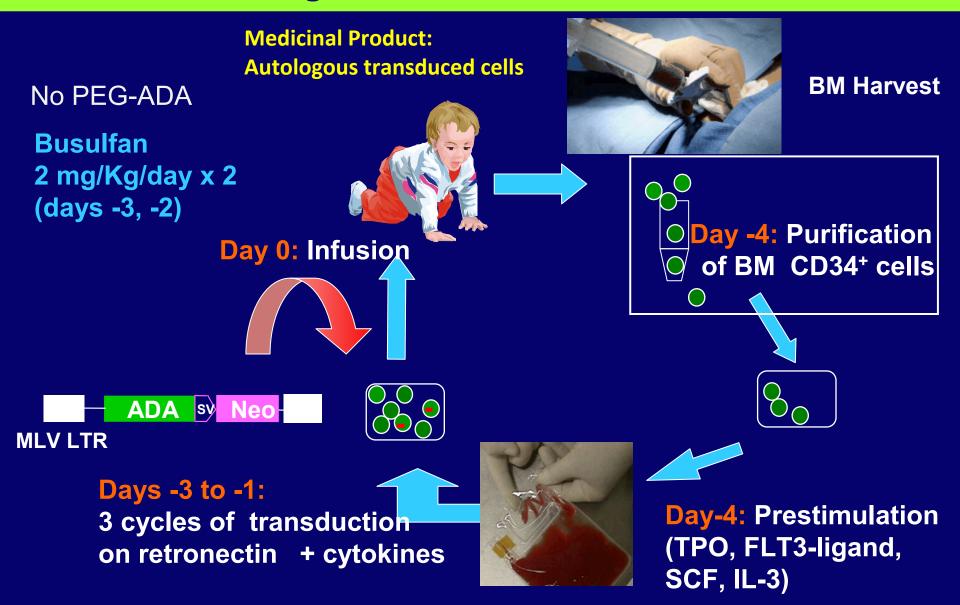
Scientific rationale

- The ADA gene is constitutively and ubiquitously expressed
- Correction of HSC could correct the defect in all blood cells
- Gene-corrected lymphocytes have an advantage over ADA-deficient cells.
- 10% of normal ADA expression may be sufficient

Unmet medical need

- 90% of children lack an histocompatible donor in the family
- High risk of bone marrow transplant from alternative donors
- Treatment with bovine enzyme (PEG-ADA) requires weekly administration, not always effective and very expensive

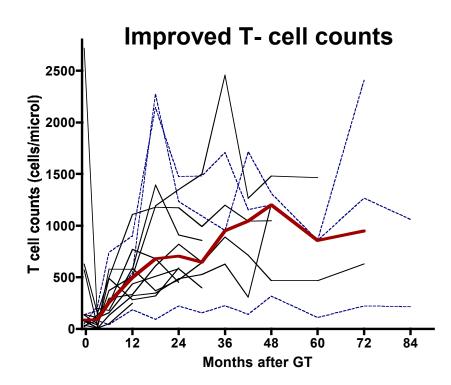
Gene transfer protocol into autologous bone marrow CD34⁺ cells



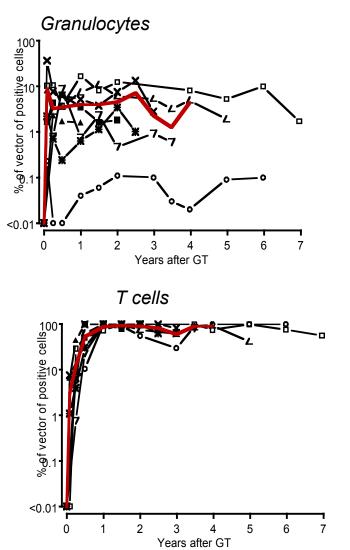
The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE ESTABLISHED IN 1812 JANUARY 29, 2009 VOL. 360 NO. 5

Gene Therapy for Immunodeficiency Due to Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency

 Alessandro Aiuti, M.D., Ph.D., Federica Cattaneo, M.D., Stefania Galimberti, Ph.D., Ulrike Benninghoff, M.D., Barbara Cassani, Ph.D., Luciano Callegaro, R.N., Samantha Scaramuzza, Ph.D., Grazia Andolfi, Massimiliano Mirolo, B.Sc., Immacolata Brigida, B.Sc., Antonella Tabucchi, Ph.D., Filippo Carlucci, Ph.D., Martha Eibl, M.D., Memet Aker, M.D., Shimon Slavin, M.D., Harnoud Al-Mousa, M.D., Abdulaziz Al Ghonaium, M.D., Alina Ferster, M.D., Andrea Duppenthaler, M.D., Luigi Notarangelo, M.D., Uwe Wintergerst, M.D., Rebecca H. Buckley, M.D., Marco Bregni, M.D., Sarah Marktel, M.D., Maria Grazia Valsecchi, Ph.D., Paolo Rossi, M.D., Fabio Ciceri, M.D., Roberto Miniero, M.D., Claudio Bordignon, M.D., and Maria-Grazia Roncarolo, M.D.

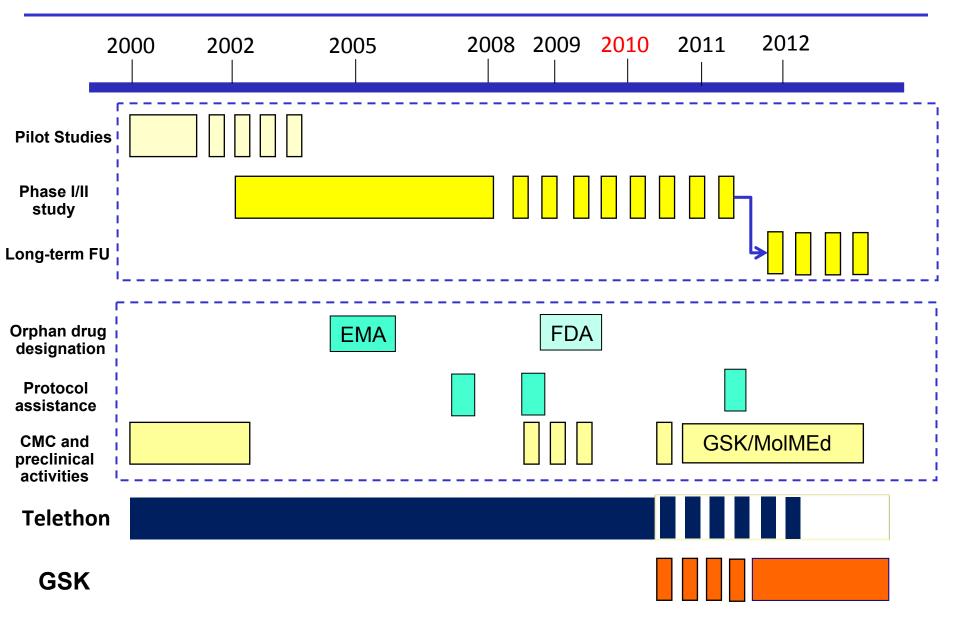


Multilineage stable engraftment



N=14 Aiuti et al. NEJM 2009 and unpublished data

Development of gene therapy for ADA-SCID



Academia and industry joining forces for developing ATMP

- Basic studies on disease mechanism
- State of the art research in gene transfer technology
- Expertise in non clinical models for safety and efficacy of ATMP
- Pediatric clinical trial center with experience in ATMP
- Knowledge of specific regulatory aspects in this field

- Manufacturing to industrial scale
- Development of commercial Quality Systems
- Patient Access
- Pharmacovigilance





Practical Challenges

- Rare Populations
- Local vs Global regulations
- Duration of follow up
 - EU and FDA guidance
 - Pharmacovigilance and risk assessment / mitigation plans
- Safety Assessment
 - Bespoke complex studies with limited background information
- Manufacturing
 - Industry Leading Standards

